THE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT OF PLANS AND PROGRAMMES REGULATIONS 2004 REGULATION 9 SCREENING DETERMINATION

Ryton on Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan

Introduction

European Union Directive 200142/EC requires a Strategic Environmental Assessment to be undertaken for certain types of plans or programmes that would have a significant environmental effect. The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 (the regulations) require that this is determined by a screening process, which should use a specified set of criteria (set out in Schedule 1 of the Regulations). The results of this process must be set out in an SEA Screening Statement, which must be publicly available. Before the Council make a formal determination, there is a requirement to consult three statutory consultation bodies designated in the regulations (Historic England, Environment Agency & Natural England) on whether an environmental assessment is required.

This document is the Screening Determination of the need to carry out a Strategic Environmental Assessment for the Ryton on Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan and is made in accordance with the regulations.

Within 28 days of making its determination, Rugby Borough Council and Ryton on Dunsmore Parish Council will publish a statement, setting out this decision. If it is determined that an SEA is not required, the statement must include reasons for this.

Determination

In accordance with Regulation 9 of the SEA Regulations 2004, Rugby Borough Council has determined that an environmental assessment of the emerging Ryton on Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan is not required as it is unlikely to have significant environmental effects. In making this determination, Rugby Borough Council has had regard to Schedule 1 of the Regulations and has carried out consultation with the consultation bodies. An assessment against Schedule 1 of Regulations forms **Appendix 1** to this determination and comments made by the Consultation bodies form **Appendix 2**.

This determination has been made on Friday 31st May 2019.

Further Information

A copy of this determination will be sent to the Consultation Bodies and made available on the Rugby Borough Council website and Parish Council's website.

Appendix 1- SEA and HRA Screening Report

Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan

Strategic Environmental Assessment and Habitat Regulations Assessment

Screening Report

15th April 2019

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 Under the requirements of the European Union Directive 2001/42/EC and Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulation (2004) certain types of plans that set the framework for the consent of future development projects, must be subject to an environmental assessment.
- 1.2 This screening report has been prepared to determine whether the Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Development Plan to 2031 should be subject to a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) in accordance with the European Directive 2001/42/EC (SEA Directive) and associated Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulation 2004 (SEA Regulations)

2. Legislative Background

- 2.1 The basis for Strategic Environmental Assessments and Sustainability Appraisal legislation is European Directive 2001/42/EC. This was transposed into English law by the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004, or SEA Regulations. Detailed Guidance on these regulations can be found in the Government publication 'A Practical Guide to the Strategic Environmental Assessment Directive' (ODPM 2005).
- 2.2 This report will also screen to determine whether the Neighbourhood Plan requires a Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) in accordance with Article 6(3) and (4) of the EU Habitats Directive and with Regulation 61 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 (as amended). A HRA is required when it is deemed that likely adverse significant effects may occur on protected European Sites (Natura 2000 sites) as a result of the implementation of a plan/project. As a general 'rule of thumb' it is identified that sites with pathways of 10-15km of the plan/project boundary should be included with a HRA.
- 2.3 This report focuses on screening for SEA and HRA and the criteria for establishing whether a full assessment is needed.

3. Criteria for Screening for SEA

- 3.1 Criteria for determining the likely significance of effects are set in Schedule 1 of The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004. These are:
- 1. The characteristics of plans and programmes, having regard, in particular, to

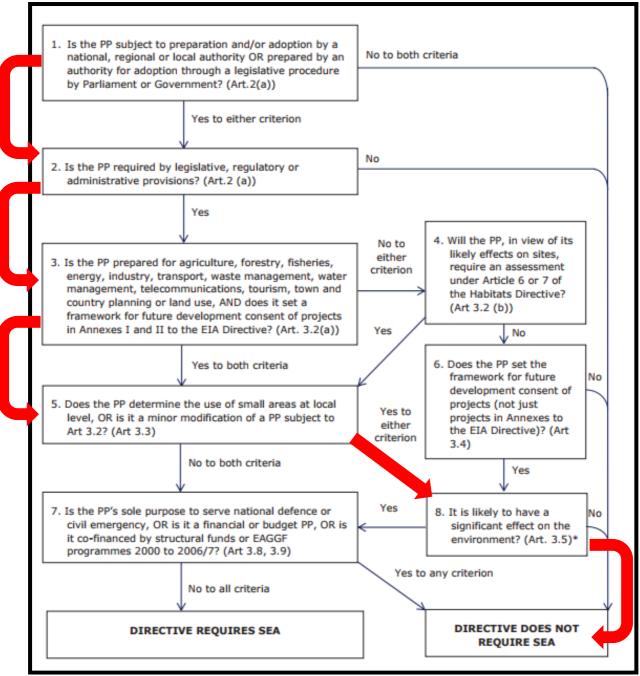
- the degree to which the plan or programme sets a framework for projects and other activities, either with regard to the location, nature, size and operating conditions or by allocating resources,
- the degree to which the plan or programme influences other plans and programmes including those in a hierarchy,
- the relevance of the plan or programme for the integration of environmental considerations in particular with a view to promoting sustainable development,
- environmental problems relevant to the plan or programme,
- the relevance of the plan or programme for the implementation of Community legislation on the environment (e.g. plans and programmes linked to wastemanagement or water protection).
- 2. Characteristics of the effects and of the area likely to be affected, having regard, in particular, to
- the probability, duration, frequency and reversibility of the effects,
- the cumulative nature of the effects,
- the transboundary nature of the effects,
- the risks to human health or the environment (e.g. due to accidents),
- the magnitude and spatial extent of the effects (geographical area and size of the population likely to be affected),
- the value and vulnerability of the area likely to be affected due to:
- special natural characteristics or cultural heritage,
- exceeded environmental quality standards or limit values,
- intensive land-use,
- the effects on areas or landscapes which have a recognised national,
 Community or international protection status.

Source: Schedule 1 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes

Regulations 2004

4. Assessment for SEA

4.1 The red arrows indicate the Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan SEA screening route.



Source: Practical Guide to the Strategic Environmental Assessment Directive (2005)

Table 1: Establishing the need for an SEA

Stage	No/Yes	Reason
1. Is the PP (plan or	Yes	If the final Neighbourhood Plan is
programme) subject to		successful at referendum and is
preparation and/or adoption		subsequently 'made' by the Local
by a national, regional or local		Planning Authority it will become a
authority OR prepared by an		Development Plan Document with equal
authority for adoption through		status to the Local Plan.
a legislative procedure by		

Parliament or Government? (Art. 2(a))		
2. Is the PP required by legislative, regulatory or administrative provisions? (Art. 2(a))	Yes	Communities have a right to produce a Neighbourhood Plan; however communities are not required by legislative, regulatory or administrative purposes to produce a Neighbourhood Plan. However, once 'made' the Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan would form part of the statutory development plan, and will be used when making decisions on planning applications within the Neighbourhood Area. Therefore it is considered necessary to answer the following questions to determine further if an SEA is required.
3. Is the PP prepared for agriculture, forestry, fisheries, energy, industry, transport, waste management, water management, telecommunications, tourism, town and country planning or land use, AND does it set a framework for future development consent of projects in Annexes I and II to the EIA Directive? (Art 3.2(a))	Yes	The Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan is prepared for town and country planning and land use. The plan sets out a framework for some aspects of future development in the Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Area. Once 'made' the Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan would form part of the statutory development plan, and will be used when making decisions on planning applications which may include development which may fall under Annex I and II of the EIA directive.
5. Does the PP Determine the use of small areas at local level, OR is it a minor modification of a PP subject to Art. 3.2? (Art.3.3)	Yes	Once 'made' the Neighbourhood Plan would form part of the statutory development plan and be used when making decisions on planning applications of small areas at the local level.
6. Does the PP set the framework for future development consent of projects (not just projects in annexes to the EIA Directive)? (Art 3.4)	Yes	The Neighbourhood Plan, once 'made', forms part of the statutory development plan and will be used to determine planning applications within the designated Neighbourhood Area. Therefore the Neighbourhood Plan will set the framework for future developments.

8. Is it likely to have a	No	See table 2 below for further detail.
significant effect on the		
environment? (Art. 3.5)		

Source: Stages taken from the Practical Guide to the Strategic Environmental

Assessment Directive (2005)

4.2 The following assessment in table 2 provides further detail on the response to criteria 8 in table one. The assessment considers the likelihood of the Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan to have significant effects on the environment.

Table 2: Likelihood of significant effects on the environment part 1

	1
Characteristics of the Plan	Summary of Effects
The degree to which the plan	Once 'made; the Neighbourhood Plan will set out the
or programme sets a	framework which will be used to determine proposals
framework for projects and	for development within the neighbourhood area.
other activities, either with	
regard to the location,	
nature, size and operating	
conditions or by allocating	
resources.	
The degree to which the plan or programme influences other plans or programmes including those in a hierarchy.	The Neighbourhood Plan must be in general conformity with the strategic policies of the currently adopted Rugby Core Strategy (or any subsequently adopted Local Plan) and the National Planning Policy Framework and all proposals within the Neighbourhood Area must comply with the policies of all three documents.
The relevance of the plan or programme for the integration of environmental considerations in particular with a view to promoting sustainable development.	 Draft policies GD2, H4, H9, ENV1, ENV2, ENV3, ENV6, ENV7, ENV8, T2 and BE2 of the Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan include elements of environmental protection. This includes: A preference for retaining trees, hedges and streams on site; The use of indigenous trees and shrubs on site; Encouragement to include measures which meet high standards in energy and water efficiency, including infrastructure for electric vehicle charging;

- Support for reuse of brownfield sites and remediation of land;
- Requirement for protection of Biodiversity;
- Protection for Local Green Spaces;
- Protection for sites of Environmental Significance;
- Protection for important open spaces;
- Protection and enhancement of biodiversity, woodland, hedges and habitat connectivity;
- Protection of important views;
- Support for renewable energy generation infrastructure;
- Promotion of new footpath and cycleways; and
- Limit noise and light pollution from new business;

Any proposal would have to comply with the principle of Sustainable Development as laid out in the NPPF and has to comply with the environmental protection policies of both the NPPF and the Local Plan.

Environmental problems relevant to the plan.

Current issues in Ryton-on-Dunsmore raised during the initial public consultation included traffic volume. However it is not felt that this plan would have any increased impact on these issues as no additional sites have been allocated for development.

The key environmental issues from the Rugby Core Strategy and the draft Rugby Local Plan which are relevant to this plan include:

- 1. The risk of flooding;
- 2. Protection and enhancement of biodiversity;
- 3. The effects of development on the historic environment:
- 4. The effects of development on the wider landscape; and
- 5. The protection of the best and most versatile agricultural land;

The Local Plan contains policies to tackle these issues. The Neighbourhood Plan adds additional support to this.

The relevance of the plan or	The Local Plan has regard to European community
programme for the	legislation on the environment and the Ryton-on-
implementation of	Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan has to be in general
Community legislation on the	conformity with the strategic policies of the Local
environment (e.g. plans and	Plan.
programmes linked to waste	
management or water	
protection).	

Source: Criteria taken from Schedule 2, Paragraph 1&2 of the Environmental
Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004

Table 3 looks at the specific issues and assesses the likelihood of a significant environmental impact.

Table 3: Likelihood of significant effects on the environment part 2

	Traffic	Flooding	Biodiversity	Historic	Landscape	Agricultural
				Environment		Land
Characteristics of the	The Neighbourhoo	l od Plan allocates or	l ne site for developm	l ent however this sit	l te has already been	allocated through
effects and of the area	the new Local Plan	n. Coventry training	ground is a site all	ocated through the	Local Plan which ha	as been subject to
likely to be affected.					er British Legion sit	
		• •	•		ration of the listed b	•
				• •	me forward through covered in Policy H2	<u>-</u>
			•	•	environmental work	
			proposal came for			
		od Plan does suppo	ort development on	infill sites within the	e village boundary.	This is in line with
	the Local Plan.			T .	Γ.	
The probability,	Any proposal	There are areas	Any proposal	Any proposal		Any proposal
duration, frequency and	would have to comply with	of flood zones 2 and 3 within the	would have to comply with	which impacts a Listed Building		would have to have regard to
reversibility of the	transport policies	village	biodiversity	or Scheduled	wider landscape	National policy
effects.	at National,	boundary.	policies at	Monument	would be subject	on agricultural
	Local and	Applications	National and	would be subject	•	land. There are
	Neighbourhood	would have to	Local level as	to National		only small
	level. The	comply with	well as the	Policies on the	•	amounts of
	Highways	National and	policies within	historic	within this	agricultural land
	Authority would been consulted	Local Policy on flooding which	this Neighbourhood	environment.	Neighbourhood Plan.	which sit within the village
	on this.	flooding which would minimise	Plan.	Development of	Pian.	the village boundary.
	on this.	probability.	i idil.	the British	The Coventry	bouridary.
	The site		The Coventry	Legion site	training ground is	The sites
	allocated in the	The allocated	training ground	would impact a	a brownfield site	covered in
	Local Plan has	sites are within	site is a	Listed Building	_	Policies H1 and
	already been	flood zone 1. As	brownfield site.	and Registered	buildings on the	

	subject to	such the	<i>(</i> ,)	park and garden.	site. This will	H2 are not on
	discussions with	probability of	Therefore the	However the	lessen the	agricultural land.
	Warwickshire	significant	probability of a	policy has been	•	Therefore the
	Highways who are satisfied	impacts from flooding is low.	negative impact would be low.	developed with Historic England,	landscape of any new	Therefore the potential for
	impacts can be	nooding is low.	would be low.	and they would		negative
	mitigated.		Under these	be consulted as	has also been	impacts is low.
	Tilligated.		policies there is	part of any	subject to a	impacts is low.
	Therefore the		scope for	application to	landscape	
	probability of		positive impacts.	ensure that	assessment as	
	significant		'	impacts are not		
	impacts from			unacceptable.	Plan process.	
	traffic would be			-	-	
	very low.			The policy also		
				ensures that any	potential for	
				development is	negative impacts	
				done to facilitate	is very low.	
				the restoration of the Listed		
				the Listed Building.		
				Building.		
				As such the		
				probability of a		
				negative impact		
				is medium to low		
				with the		
				requirement for		
				positive impacts		
The cumulative nature of	, ,	Additional	Impacts on one	_	If the quality of	This would
the effects.	additional traffic	development in a	species could	deterioration of	•	impact only
	would be an	flood zone would	impact further	important	between the	specific land
	addition to that	have a negative	species.	historic features	village and the	parcels.

The trans boundary nature of the effects.	which already passes through the village. Air pollution from traffic may have a trans boundary effect.	cumulative effect on flooding. Flooding would generally be localised.	These would	could lead to further deterioration in future. These would be localised.	wider landscape deteriorates this could lead to further deterioration in future. This could have an impact on the wider landscape.	These would be localised.
The risks to human health or the environment (e.g. due to accidents).	Potential for a decrease in air quality, increase in noise and potential for car accidents.	Potential for impacts to human health and damage to habitats.	Very little risk to human health. Potential impacts on individual plants and animals, their habitats and the wider ecosystem.	Very little risk to human health. Risk to the quality of the historic environment and deterioration of the character of Ryton-on-Dunsmore.	Very little risk to human health. Risk to the relationship between the village and the wider landscape.	Very little risk to human health. Some risk to flora and fauna that benefit from the agricultural land.
The magnitude spatial extent of the effects (geographical area and size of the population likely to be affected). The value and	These would be very localised impacts. This would be dep	Localised impacts.	Localised impacts.	Localised impacts.	Impacts could be perceived to extend beyond the Neighbourhood Area.	Generally impacts would be local but could feed into a larger scale picture if good quality agricultural land is also being lost elsewhere.
vulnerability of the area			, , ,	•		

likely to be affected due to: - special natural characteristics or cultural heritage - exceeded environmental quality standards - intensive land use	Within the village boundary are four listed buildings, two scheduled ancient monuments and one registered park and garden. The Coventry training ground site is a brownfield site with no specific special natural or cultural characteristics. The Environment Agency, Historic England and Natural England were all consulted on the Local Plan and Warwickshire County Council departments raised no concerns with the allocation. The former British Legion site is within a registered park and garden and within the vicinity of a listed building. This policy has been developed with the input of Historic England and the development management process will provide a robust framework for ensuring any development that comes forward on the site is acceptable in terms of its impact on heritage assets. The safeguarded site would require further investigations into its special characteristics, however this would take
	place if it became more likely that the site would be required. Policies within the Neighbourhood and Local Plans will ensure environmental quality standards are met and that the sites are not developed to have an unacceptable impact on biodiversity.
The effects on areas or landscapes which have a recognised national, community or international protection status.	Within the Neighbourhood Area there are SSSIs. These are Ryton and Brandon Gravel Pits, Brandon Marsh and Ryton Wood. The two covered in Policy H1 sit within the Impact Risk Zones for these sites meaning that Natural England would need to be consulted on applications for these sites.

Source: Criteria taken from Schedule 2, Paragraph 1&2 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations

2004

4.3 In addition to the evidence presented above the EIA regulations can be used as a guide for the thresholds for assessment. In this instance development on the sites covered in Policy H1 are very likely to total less than 150 dwellings and the cumulative

area of allocated sites is less than 5ha. This would make the allocations less likely to have significant effects than if the sites were larger.

5. Assessment for HRA

5.1 There are no European sites within 15km of the Neighbourhood Area.

6. Screening Outcomes

6.1 As a result of the assessment in section 4, it is unlikely that there will be any significant environmental effects arising from the emerging proposals to be contained within the Ryton-on-Dunsmore.

Appendix 2- Consultation Body Responses

Ms Sophie Leaning Rugby Borough Council Development Control PO Box 16 Rugby Warwickshire Our ref: UT/2007/101479/SE-

05/SC1-L01

Your ref: Ryton-on-Dunsmore

Date: 30 April 2019

Dear Ms Leaning

CV21 2LA

Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan SEA/HRA Screening Report

Thank you for your email which was received on 15 April 2019.

As requested we have reviewed the Screening Assessment prepared in support of the Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Plan. Having reviewed the proposals we do not consider there to be significant environmental impacts as a result of this plan, therefore we concur with the conclusions of the report and do not require a SEA or HRA to be undertaken in support of the plan. We advise that consultation is undertaken with Natural England amongst other statutory bodies prior to making any final decision.

Yours sincerely

Miss Lauren Millward Planning Advisor

Direct dial 020 3025 2642 Direct e-mail Lauren.Millward@environment-agency.gov.uk



Ms Sophie Leaning
Rugby Borough Council
Town Hall
Evreux Way
Rugby
CV21 2RR

Direct Dial: 0121 625 6887

Our ref: PL00576444

24 April 2019

Dear Ms Leaning

RYTON-ON-DUNSMORE NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN- SEA AND HRA SCREENING

Thank you for your consultation and the invitation to comment on the SEA and HRA Screening Document for the above Neighbourhood Plan.

For the purposes of consultations on SEA Screening Opinions, Historic England confines its advice to the question, "Is it likely to have a significant effect on the environment?" in respect of our area of concern, cultural heritage.

Our comments are based on the information supplied with the screening request. On the basis of the information supplied and in the context of the criteria set out in Schedule 1 of the Environmental Assessment Regulations [Annex II of the 'SEA' Directive], Historic England concurs with your view that the preparation of a Strategic Environmental Assessment is not required.

Regarding HRA Historic England does not disagree with your conclusions but would defer to the opinions of the other statutory consultees.

The views of the other statutory consultation bodies should be taken into account before the overall decision on the need for a SEA is made. If a decision is made to undertake a SEA, please note that Historic England has published guidance on Sustainability Appraisal / Strategic Environmental Assessment and the Historic Environment that is relevant to both local and neighbourhood planning and available at: https://www.historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/sustainability-appraisal-and-strategic-environmental-assessment-advice-note-8/>

I trust the above comments will be of help in taking forward the Neighbourhood Plan.

Yours sincerely,

Peter Boland

Historic Places Advisor

peter.boland@HistoricEngland.org.uk

CC:











Date: 29 May 2019 Our ref: 281842

Your ref: Ryton-on-Dunsmore SEA Screening



Hornbeam House Crewe Business Park Electra Way Crewe Cheshire CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

Sophie Leaning Senior Planner Development Strategy Team Rugby Borough Council

BY EMAIL ONLY sophie.leaning@rugby.gov.uk

Dear Ms Leaning,

SEA Screening for Ryton-on-Dunsmore Neighbourhood Development Plan

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 15th April 2019 which was received by Natural England on the same day.

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening

We welcome the production of this SEA Screening report. Natural England notes and concurs with the screening outcome i.e. that 'it is unlikely that there will be any significant environmental effects arising from the emerging proposals...'.

Further guidance on deciding whether the proposals are likely to have significant environmental effects and the requirements for consulting Natural England on SEA are set out in the National Planning Practice Guidance.

We would be happy to comment further should the need arise but if in the meantime you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact us.

For any new consultations, or to provide further information on this consultation please send your correspondences to consultations@naturalengland.org.uk.

Yours sincerely

Victoria Kirkham Consultations Team